STRONGER COMMUNITIES DELIVERY PLAN 2018-2020 v1.1

OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITY What will they do? (including system / behavioural changes)	TARGET AREAS inc stakeholder considerations Based on a considered segmentation strategy (e.g. geography, demographics)	and link b contribute longer ter 2018/19 Set up measure s / ways of working	NES (specific, r pack to how it w towards achie moutcomes 2019/20 Initial output measures inc early wins	ill	EVIDENCE BASE inc gaps / rationale Why this has been identified as a priority objective – what's the hypothesis they're testing?	Outcome Measures
Create a culture of test and learn	System, Perception and Behaviour Change- Stronger Communities Innovation Fund We will develop an Innovation Fund to research new and emerging trends; it will also be used to address gaps and pilot new ideas. The Innovation Fund will primarily focus on; 1) Interventions and services tested elsewhere both nationally and internationally and there is a good evidence base of success. 2) New emerging challenges such as post Brexit, international tensions and/or negative focus on a new area or group i.e. Refugees and Asylums. 3) New ideas that are untested and have not been trialled. Project Proposals will emerge through our learning and collaborative networks and groups, market place events which will encourage proposals from the VCS and from what is already working and what isn't, it will then go to our People's Advisory Group for consultation before going to the Board for decision.	Annex A and Annex B	etc Develop process and criteria	New projects/ research is/are proposed New projects are commissioned	New projects are evaluated Learning is shared across the District	Our community engagement exercise produced a range of ideas that we are keen to explore further. (Annex B). Our landscape is changing i.e. preparation for post Brexit.	Increased involvement from the community Increased emphasis on designing interventions based on what we know Test and learn culture is developed
To empower local people ensuring the people voice is at the	System, Perception and Behaviour Change- <u>Community Researchers</u> We will 'grow our own' community researchers which will be trained as part of their involvement in the People's Advisory Group. The role of the	A number of leadership programmes run across the District but no further	Deliver communit y engagem ent	Consult with communities about the values Start process	1,000 people sign up to the values Group	Our community engagement exercise showed how keen people were to get involved. (Annex B).	More people will lead in their communities.

heart of everything we do	researchers will be to help influence our campaign work and support the implementation of the project improvement cycle. This will introduce a new way of working not just for the programme but also could act as a wider reference group for our partners in the District. Members of the People's Advisory Group will; 1) Consult with local people within their own communities about project design and delivery 2) Carry out focus groups to build further understanding and intelligence for example Community Readiness. This will inform the level of intervention to be delivered and support any re- design of projects. 3) Endorse projects and interventions worked up through the Forum to the Board 4) Champion the Community Values and become ambassadors on integration in their community 5) Inform the Board how the campaigns are working by using a range of qualitative methods such as observations and informal conversations 6) Be a wider think tank for solving community problems and challenges.	routes for board experience. Our programme will constantly be engaging with communities through consultations and focus groups.	feedback events Develop communit y values Develop process for recruitme nt	of getting communities to sign up the values Recruitment process begins. 32 people are recruited for the People's Advisory Group. 32 trained as Community Researchers. Community Readiness is carried out. Consultation, focus groups and qualitative research is carried out	meets quarterly. Community Readiness informs current projects. Rapid evaluation is shared.		More people will be able be able to influence what is delivered across the District More communities will be engaged because our services will be appropriate. More people will indirectly benefit from the programme even if they haven't been involved in an activity.
To change perceptions and behaviour using positive marketing and communicati ons methods	Perception and Behaviour Change- <u>Communications and Marketing</u> Our Programme will have highly visible brand, where we will control the narrative we tell. This brand will be positive making it clear this programme is for everyone. Integration for us isn't just about creating opportunities for those who need our support but also how we bring everyone else along with us in the vision we have about the District. It will celebrate positive stories and highlight good practice, Our communications will include; 1) Strong social media presence 2) A separate website 3) Communications support for our projects so they	Interventions do not work unless communities themselves recognise or understand the perceived issue to be an issue. (Community Readiness). We understand that there is disparity between	Commissi on brand and design	carried out. Consult with communities on branding. Branding is agreed. Commission social media. Newsletter is produced. Commission	4 newsletters produced each year (both for stakeholders and community) Social media campaigns are monitored	Our community engagement exercise showed that people wanted positive stores. (Annex B).	More people will change their perceptions and attitudes of other people who are different from them More people will stand up against hate crime

	 can talk about the brand and use it appropriately 4) A set of Bradford Values which everyone in the District signs up to. We know communications and marketing can be extremely powerful if used well. Part of our communications work will be informed by behaviour change models for example Nudge Theory. We will develop effective ways to measure the impact of our communications. This will help us understand how best we can create a sense of belonging which looks to build how we live and work together. This will target society as a whole and not just those who access the programme's interventions. We will also embark on a series of campaigns to dispel and debunk myths through a; 1) I am Campaign 2) Anti-Rumour – developed by Intercultural Cities. 3) Its' not OK 4) Our Shared History Exhibition 	what people say and what people then go on to do.		communication support for projects. Commission website. Website is launched. Commission research on behaviour change in communication s and marketing. Campaigns are developed. Campaigns are launched Evaluation on success of campaigns is agreed.	Shared History exhibition is produced and shared across the District i.e. schools, libraries and within shared spaces.		More people will indirectly benefit from the programme even if they haven't been involved in an activity.
To review our strategy, ensuring our work benefits from the diversity advantage	System, Perception and Behaviour Change- Intercultural Cities Programme The Intercultural Cities (ICC) is a flagship Council of Europe programme that offers support for cities in developing their diversity strategies. The programme model considers migrants as a resource for local economic, social and cultural development. By participating Bradford Council will undertake a review of our policies and services to ensure there is adequate representation at different levels, positive intercultural mixing and interaction, and capacity to ensure equal access to rights and opportunities for all. The benefit of joining the Intercultural Cities	The programme is being implemented by over 100 cities in Europe, as well as in Japan, Korea, Mexico and Canada. Manchester Council and Wakefield Council are two other	Complete members hip process for Intercultur al Cities	Complete index questionnaire Receive Bradford report Agree action plan and method of engagement with the programme.	Share lessons across the programme and partners Revisions to current Stronger Communitie s strategy.	Annex A: Data Pack demonstrates we can do more to bridge the gap between communities.	Strategy is reviewed and revised Better outcomes for the District

includes;	cities who have	Inform Forums	
 Engaging positively with local residents across Bradford District; 	recently joined.	and Board of potential	
 Build a vision for the diversity future of the city and translate it into a workable strategy; 		Innovation Fund projects.	
 Benefit from the advice and support of peers from other cities; 			
 Call on expertise targeted to the city's specific focus and needs; 			
 Develop collaborative projects on specific themes; 			
 Showcase Bradford and the good practice we've developed over 30 years. 			

PRIORITY AREA 1: EMPLOYMENT PILLAR: GETTING ON

More people will have improved their quality of life, feeling happier about the future, being able to fully participate and better equipped to engage in the economy.

OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITY What will they do? (including system / behavioural changes)	TARGET AREAS inc stakeholder considerations Based on a considered segmentation strategy (e.g. geography, demographics)	and link ba contribute	IES (specific, n ack to how it wi towards achies n outcomes 2019/20 Initial output measures inc early wins	II	EVIDENCE BASE inc gaps / rationale Why this has been identified as a priority objective – what's the hypothesis they're testing?	Outcome Measures
1. Improve opportunities for those furthest away from the labour market	Behaviour/ System ChangeEmploymentProvide a programme of activities using a person- centred approach offering end to end support for those furthest away from the labour market. Our activities will focus on three groups;1) Graduates who do not engage in employment. Building on trailed and tested programmes from the	White working- class communities living in Holmewood, Tong and central Bradford and Keighley.	Co-design services using an end to end approach Outline customer	Evaluate/revie w through rapid cycling testing approach and set up for second and third cohort.	No of people with increased confidence No of people accessing intervention	Bradford University have highlighted that they have students who complete their degrees but fail to obtain suitable employment in the city. This includes	Jobseekers have improved skills and attitudes for employment Jobseekers have improved

enabling them to	JCP, the provision will take the form of a 13 week programme of activity; claimants will be required to	Women in	route of travel		No of people	BAME Asian female students who attain	occupation- specific skills
engage in	attend for up to 4 days each week, to encourage the	Manningham,			supported	their degree but either	and work
the	behaviours expected in a workplace. Optimum	Bradford Moor,	Interventio		end to end	do not obtain	experience
economy.	occupancy will be 15-20 claimants per course	Little Horton and	ns are set			employment on	
	although referrals for each course could be up to 25.	Barkerend and	up and		No of people	completion or go into	Increased
	The timing of attendance will be determined locally	Bowling.	ready to be		into jobs	low skilled jobs. They	numbers of
	but claimants will be expected to attend for up to a		promoted			have highlighted	jobseekers
	maximum of 16 guided learning hours per week.	Young people			No of people	possible reasons for	enter and
	Additionally, Providers will be expected to provide	aged 16-26 living	First cohort		applying for	this; unable or	sustain
	refreshments and travel costs. (Childcare or	across the	starts .		work	unwilling to travel for	(quality)
	replacement care costs will be met by JCP where	District.	accessing		Nie of a could	employment,	employment
	appropriate.) The Programme should offer graduates	The makes of the	services/		No of people	restrictions on the	Disadurantanad
	in the main face to face support with the following;	Thornbury Centre to be utilised as	interventio		with additional or	types of workplaces they would work, lack	Disadvantaged
	Careers and transferable skills advice,	one of the	ns.			of knowledge or	groups have increased
	Information about the availability of jobs (nationally)	centres. It is			new qualification	aspiration of the types	access to
	(nationally),	situated on the			S	of employment that	relevant
	Help with writing CVs and competency-	Leeds/Bradford			3	they could apply for	employment
	based application forms,	corridor and is			No of people	with their	opportunities.
	Advice on how to make speculative	easily accessed			being	qualifications,	opportantico.
	approaches to employers,	by public			matched	expectations of family	Increased
	Advice about Interview techniques and acme interview practice if required	transport, offering			with a	to stay at home and	number of
	some interview practice if required,	free parking in			mentor	marry and have	people who will
	 Presentations – content and delivery, 	their private car				children.	feel confident
	An overview of the benefits of voluntary work and work experience and evidence	park. It has a			No of people		about speaking
	work and work experience and evidence about how these opportunities can enhance	computer suite,			who feel	Data illustrates a need	English
	career prospects,	and comfortable			more	to focus on	0
	 Building on sessions through Work 	multi- purpose			confident to	employment	Increased
	Experience for those graduates who require	rooms of various			speak	opportunities for	number of
	this support,	sizes, two			English	women particularly	people who go
	 Mentoring and Ongoing support 	conference halls				BAME (18.3%)	onto learning
		and a designed			No of people	compared to white	English in
	They will be required to provide 3 Master Classes.	fully equipped			who access	females (3.5%); young	formal setting
	Claimants attending the Employability Skills for	training kitchen			conversation	people (68%).	
	Graduates Programme will bring with them varying	facility.			al English		
	levels of skills, experience and ability. The provision					Economically inactive	
	must be flexible enough to respond to their individual	KAWAC in			No of people	rate for BAME female	
	needs. It will provide support which builds on their	Keighley.			who .	16-64 is 56.4%). Of	
	knowledge, skills and experience rather than seeking				progress in	which	
	to duplicate them.				English and	Pakistani/Bangladeshi	
					into formal	females are 63.4%.	r

2) Sector based skills such as Catering, Digital Skills				learning	Indian females,	
and other skill gaps development for women. The				l č	followed by Black	
catering sector based programme will be run in					females 55.5%. Mixed	
collaboration between the Jobcentre, Thornbury					ethnic group females	
Centre, KAWAC, Colleges, and local employers					48.2%. (Annual	
could provide opportunities to develop a SBWA, with					Population Survey,	
accredited training in Nutrition, Food Hygiene and					Jan - Dec 2017).	
food safety. Hands on training, in a Catering Kitchen,					,	
providing opportunities for routes into employment,					More than one quarter	
through partnerships we could develop further, with					(29%) is aged under	
LA and NHS, who often struggle to fill their catering					20 and nearly seven	
vacancies.					in ten people are aged	
					under 50. Younger	
3) Raising aspirations in young people aged 18-26					age groups are more	
through intergenerational mentoring. Volunteers will					ethnically diverse.	
include those 50 and over who will use their wisdom,					Only 10% of the	
their energy and their life experience to help keep					population over 65	
young people on track. We will focus our energy on					years old are BAME,	
those young people who, for whatever reason, may					in contrast to 48% of	
not achieve academic results to continue into higher					0-14 year olds.	
education, or were lacking interview skills and are						
unemployed, or maybe they have a skill they haven't					We recognise this	
been able to develop through training and guidance.					data alone doesn't	
Matching between mentors and mentees will be					provide us with a	
intergenerational as well as between BAME and					complete picture. For	
white, male and female and other combinations					example it is unclear	
based on the diversity of both groups.					how many people	
					work and trade in the	
We are aware that QED are working in Partnership					grey economy market.	
with a consortium of VCS organisations on a						
'Befriending Scheme' and there is also Caring for the					We know Bowling and	
Community project. Their project aims to improve					Barkerend, Little	
relationships between young people and the white					Horton and Bradford	
elderly community in Bradford. Caring for the					Moor have the highest	
Community will be extended out to those with					population of children	
disabilities. Both will aim to reduce isolation and					in low income families.	
loneliness and will complement our work in this area.						
There is potential for sharing data and evaluation.					Only the White	
System Change- Employer Support through B2B	Scope model of	Co-design	Work with the	No of	population has a	Policy and
challenge	delivery	interventio	first	organisation	significant proportion	recruitment
Work in partnership with organisations to offer	depending on	n	organisation	s	of older people aged	practices will
					65+.	

support to Bradford employers- both businesses and	what can be		will	participated		have changed
Public Sector. Trial a new approach with three	achieved in the	Mobilisatio	commence		The Disparity Audit	
organisations (of which BDMC will be one) to drive	timescale.	n plan	and early	No of people	also tells us that whilst	Increased
change across our District on;		written	signs of	from diverse	our population is	diversity in the
1) Using Business to Business Support, we will	Organisations will	Scope	changes will	background	diverse this is not	workforce
review policies and practices on recruitment to	be selected	model of	be apparent	being	reflective of those in	particularly at
reduce exclusion and encourage recruitment of	based on size,	delivery	i.e. change of	recruited	the highest paid jobs.	senior levels.
BAME, young people, those with disabilities or	FTE, maturity,	and	policy/practice			
mental health and poor white class applicants. We	diversity of the	organisatio	, increased	No of people	Public engagement on	Improved
intend to explore recruitment on potential. We will	workforce (& their	ns most	diversity in	from diverse	the local integration	culture of the
target actively not just low-level entry jobs but also at	geography) and	receptive	employment.	background	delivery plan has	organisation
all levels across organisations including senior	type. We've	to		s applying	'highlighted' that many	
management roles.	already had	engageme	Create a bank		people are keen to	Managers at
	exploratory	nt for	of volunteers.	No of	engage and learn	all levels will
2) Informal culture and behaviours to improve social	conversations	change	No. of	organisation	more about other	have raised
mixing in and outside of work	with businesses	Dura dalar in	No of	s interested	people in the district,	awareness of
2) Improving appial mability and diversity appage the	such as Northern	Provider is	volunteers	in 'signing	but do not believe that	themselves
3) Improving social mobility and diversity across the workforce to reflect greater the District.	Powerhouse and BDCFT	commissio	recruited	up'	they 'permission' or	and their own attitudes
workforce to reflect greater the District.	(Teaching	ned.	No of	Policy and	that their questions may be construed to	auludes
4) Develop a train the trainer approach and a good	Hospitals).	Volunteer	volunteers	recruitment	be racist, homophobic	Increased
Employment Practice booklet to share learning and	10301103).	policy	'loaned' out.	practices	or based on prejudice	social mixing
influence quickly more organisations to adopt a	Volunteers	written		adapted	etc.	will occur in
similar approach	reflecting the	Witten		dupted	010.	the work place.
	diversity of	Recruitme		50	We are one of the	
5) To offer training to front line supervisors/managers	Bradford District.	nt initiated		volunteers	BAME Challenge	Attitudinal
to reduce barriers in employment which may be				recruited	Areas and CLLD	change takes
inadvertently discriminatory and reduce unconscious	Organisations				areas.	place across
bias or entrenched working practices increasing	engaged			25 groups		everyone who
awareness and understanding of culture and	00			and		engages
diversity.				organisation		
				s engage		Improved
6) Recruit a bank of volunteers who are willing to be				someone		relationships
loaned out to businesses groups and organisations				from the		within the
to debunk myths and raise awareness. Volunteer				'People		workplace
give their time to speak about themselves as 'an				Library' in		
open book' without judgement about the				the first		
person/organisation enquiring. Groups, business and				year.		
organisations wanting to learn more about 'the other'						
will be able to ask for someone from the 'Library' to						
talk about their life, culture and answer questions						
that we are sometimes too embarrassed or don't feel						

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able to ask. Recruits will be 'sourced' through open						
advertisement and may also come from 'other'						
projects such as the Believing in Bradford/Catalyst						
project. A Project Support Officer would administer						
the recruitment and allocation until an 'alternative						
delivery vehicle' can be determined. Expenses would						
need to be provided, initially through the project, but						
may ultimately through a 'cost recovery' model						
tailored to suit individual groups.						
VFM- Systems Change- Equalities and Community	Some of the	The	Three	7	There are 8,415	Voice and
Relations Strategic Group	smaller	Equalities	thematic	'communitie	people on the	influence
As part of our work to increase engagement by all	communities of	and	meetings each	s of interest'	electoral register in	provided to
groups, we know we must address the systems,	interest have not	communiti	year,	actively	Bradford from Central	communities of
processes and structures that exist that hinder this.	become	es	discussing	engaged in	and Eastern European	interest, giving
Our work in this area is targeted in two areas;	established to an	strategic	priorities	discussions	(CEE) communities	them
1) A series of thematic engagement events will take	extent that they	group will	determined by	pertinent to	(2% of total	confidence to
place with smaller communities of interest to look at	have 'voice and	be	the	their	registrations). 50% of	become more
what are their key barriers to access and	influence' through	reinstated	'communities	community.	CEE registrations are	involved in the
engagement with services. This will include	conventional		of interest'.		from the Polish	political and
presentations from relevant professional bodies e.g.	processes e.g.	A Single		Action Plans	community. Other	community life
Health, Education, Police, Business and work	political or	Point of	A number of	produced	CEE communities on	of the district.
shopping barriers, presenting the findings back to the	community	Contact	bi-lateral	that reflects	the electoral register	
lead organisations for review and response, including	leadership.	(SPOC)	meetings with	the needs of	are: Slovakian (1,266,	Tailored and
developing strategy and action plans. Governance to		will be	be held	'communitie	15%), Latvian (994,	aligned
sit within the Stronger Communities Partnership and	The pilot will align	appointed	involving main	s of interest'	12%), Romanian (597,	support
Health and Wellbeing Board. Typical groups to be	and identify links	from the	partners to	Project	7%), Lithuanian (505,	provided by
represented to include: Roma, Refugee, Asylum	with existing work	Home	establish gaps	support	6%), Czech (396,	agencies to
Seekers, African, African Caribbean, LGBT, Gypsy &	and governance	Office and	and practical	worker	5%), Hungarian (212,	meet the
Traveller.	structures to	Bradford	solutions for	allocated.	3%), Bulgarian (112,	needs of
	avoid duplication	Council will	change. This		1%), Estonian (62,	communities of
Placed based model for Asylum Seekers &	make best use of	appoint a	work could	Set priorities	1%), Croatian (20,	interest.
Refugees	officer time and	dedicated	lead to a	for the pilot;	0%) and Slovenian (9,	
2) The Home Office has approached Bradford	learning from	officer to	series of	discuss the	0%).	Improved
Council working collaboratively with Leeds City	Integration Area	act as joint	workshops	gaps in	The wards with the	process to
Council, Sheffield City Council and Calderdale	pilot, Local	project	with the	service	highest number of	access
Council, to consider how central and local	Authority Asylum	lead	expectation	provision,	people from CEE	employment
governments, service providers as well as civil	Support Liaison	working in	that the Home	areas for	communities on the	and English
society could work more closely together to improve	Officer Pilot for	collaborati	Office,	improvemen	electoral register are	language
the management and flow of newcomers into places.	move on from the	on with the	Bradford	ts, with a	City, Tong, Little	opportunities
Pilot areas have been selected based on	asylum system,	SPOC.	Council and	focus on	Horton and Bowling	
geographical mix and service delivery across a range	Controlling		partners will	improving	and Barkerend. The	Improved
of asylum and resettlement activity. The high level	Migration Funded	The SPOC	jointly agree	the	wards with the highest	housing
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objectives of the pilot approach are twofold: a) To enable local authorities to better support the UK Government to achieve its existing commitments to asylum seekers, refugees and resettlement; b) To develop a more holistic, people focussed approach to ensure that those who have a right to be here are able to integrate into society and those who do not are facilitated and supported to leave.	projects, VPRS and VCRS Refugee Employment Advisor, Refugee Social worker and psychotherapy support. The pilot will also take learning others projects undertaken by voluntary and community sector such as Connecting Opportunities programme, STEP programme, Working English project, Refugee Action's Asylum Guide and OISC registered advice capacity project, RETA's 28 day transition project etc	will work intensively with Bradford Council officers and other local partners as well as key Home Office staff to draw on knowledge and expertise and explore opportuniti es to work better together. Whole- system approach to be developed across the range of social policy factors.	actions and next steps/recomm endations from these workshops.	successful integration of those being granted protection in the UK in a way that manages impact on the local community.	number of people from CEE communities on the electoral register are City, Tong, Little Horton and Bowling and Barkerend. The LGBT community is another obvious group, but very little data exists about the prevalence of this community. A Government Equalities Office LGB survey carried out in 2016 found that around 2% (just over 1 million) of the UK population identified themselves as lesbian, gay or bisexual. No specific data exists at local authority level. Data on the transgender community is very sparse. Using a survey of gender dysphonia carried out in Scotland in 1998 as a basis, the Gender Identity Research and Education Society estimated that in 2009 there was a prevalence of around 20 per 100,000 people in the UK; i.e. 10,000 people of whom 6,000 have undergone transition. Rates are	options with increased Registered Providers, adapted properties & Private Sector landlords Increased data sharing between organisations Initial screening and information flow is improved through Primary Care and Secondary Care services. Education & English Language provision is improved
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						likely to have	
						increased since this	
						study took place.	
						Some asylum seekers	
						are housed and	
						supported here	
						through the Home	
						Office dispersal	
						system. Published	
						Home Office figures	
						show that at the start	
						of October 2017, 781	
						people were being	
						supported in Bradford	
						while awaiting a	
						decision on their claim	
						[known as Section 95	
						support]: 751 people	
						were being	
						accommodated, and	
						there were 30 people	
						receiving subsistence-	
						only support i.e. no	
-						accommodation.	
2.	Systems Change- English Language	AEB data	Develop	Launch	English	There is a need in	Increased
Provide	Improve and reconfigure ESOL infrastructure in the	indicates that in	mobilisatio	Learning in	Learning	Bradford to reach out	confidence to
opportunities	District which will lead to a change in the way	16/17, 8% of	n plan	English	hub is 'live'	to groups with the	learn English
for anyone	learner's access information. The work on English	Bradford's		Bradford	Datta	lowest levels of	at times that
who wants to	Language will largely focus on what information is	residents with EL	Working	Asharad	Better	English language	suit them and
learn to	not known regarding English language needs, and	needs (based on	group	A shared	provision	skills, particularly	in particular
speak, read	strategies to capture that data. We will do this in the	Census) were	established	assessment	provided as	women.	support
and write English so	following way;	engaging in AEB provision. This	Sign up to	tool is agreed across all	access needs are	23,966 people within	employers and routes to
they can fully	1) A central unit located within the local authority for	figure is for one	Migration	providers in	determined	central Bradford and	employment.
participate in	English Language will be sourced through Migration	funding stream	Yorkshire/	the District	through	Keighley District	employment.
education,	Yorkshire. This unit would act as a neutral service to	only, however, it	English		evidence.	cannot speak English	Increased
employment	assist learners with accessing existing provision (via	is the main	Language	Learners have	CVILLENCE.	well or at all. 6% of	proficiency of
or life in	initial assessment of need and eligibility and	source of funding	Hub	a learning	No of	females compared to	the English
Bradford	partnership work with existing providers). The	for ESOL.		plan that	learners	3.5% males cannot	language and
District.	journey of the English Language learner is crucial.		Mapping of	meets their	who are	speak well or at all.	are able to
	The working group with support from the unit to map		current	needs.	able to		access
	I me mentang group man oupport norm are drift to map	1		1.0000.		L	10

 out existing provision and progression and referral routes 2) The unit would also be responsible for collecting data on unmet need (including levels, crèche needs, previous education, etc.) and engaging 3 groups of residents with English Language needs, using varied strategies: a) People who want to learn English, but do not know it is available b) People who want to learn English but cannot 	23,966 people with little or no English.	ESOL provision Referral pathways and progressio n routes are identified		access quality and accessible provision No of people feel confident to learn English	In Manningham ward, for example, some 15% of the population aged over three did not speak English well or at all.	services, engage in life in the district and access the labour market. English Language strategy is written
 access it (waiting lists/eligibility), and c) People who do not want to learn English. 3) The unit will be appropriately located within the LA, so as not to be seen as partial to any one provider (for example, not in the in-house Adult Learning Service). This will be crucial, as it will act as the gatekeeper to additional EL funding via the programme. The work of the English Language working group includes agreeing one assessment method that is transferable to any provider. Who and at what level the assessment can be made at needs to be agreed. 				No of people who increase their proficiency of English		
 4) The unit could also lead or contribute to partnership meetings with all of the English Language providers and stakeholders such as JCP on strategic issues. The data collected by the unit, if amalgamated with data from providers on engagement, could contribute to a local English Language strategy. A strategy based on actual demand will likely be more effective. 5) Deliver additional provision for English 						
5) Deliver additional provision for English Conversational classes such as English for Work and Steeping Stones. Provision will be delivered by a wide variety of partners particularly as grassroot and will be marketed. It will ensure there is close links to our projects across the programme.	Although Office 1		Nachart	Na cf		Mara
VFM- Controlling Migration Fund This programme of activities has been trialled in our	Although City and Little Horton		No of booklets in key	No of organisation	The White population in the District has	More people feel settled into

Controlling Migration Fund and will be scaled up to	wards	languages, for	S	been falling steadily	the district.
benefit more people and partner organisations if we	experienced the	example	participating	since the 1970s due	
are successful in the new round funding. If	largest population	10,000 hard	participating	to the declining birth-	More people
successful, we will provide and scale up a range of	increases, the	copies	No of people	rate and a greater	feel they
activities and training to help new communities settle	population was	copics	attending	number of people	understand
into the district. Sessions involve;	dispersed more	Web resource	the courses	moving to other parts	how to access
1) Citizenship/rights and responsibilities workshops	widely throughout	No of videos		of the UK than came	services and
2) Community workshops on	the District than	produced		to live here.	contribute.
Parenting	previous	(including		Legislative changes to	contribute.
Law	immigrants.	translations,		enable the free flow of	More NINO
Education	initingramo.	using		people within the	registrations,
Health systems		community		European Union led to	region anonio,
Safeguarding		voices,		an increase in the	
Saleguarding Understanding Bradford courses including		training)		District's Eastern	
				European population	
				from 2,000 in 2001 to	
				10,100 by 2011.	
social action projects					
crèche				Labour Force Survey	
room venue hire				Data for 2017 shows	
interpreter/translations				that 58% of people	
We will coordinate this work across the district and				came to the UK as a	
measure the impact. We will be extending this work				spouse/partner or	
to include work with Landlords. We are aware that				child of a UK citizen.	
some possible work may be developed in Bradford				22% came for	
through Building Stronger Britain Together. We would need to make sure this project works closely				employment.	
with any other funded work.					
				There were 3821	
				National Insurance No	
				registrations in the	
				year to March 2018.	
				57% of NINo	
				registrations in	
				Bradford were from	
				the EU compared to	
				71% for the UK. There	
				have been a total of	
				31,925 NINo	
				registrations from	
				CEE countries since	
				2002. Of these, 42%	
				were from Poland,	

3. Create clear pathways and referral routes to enable people to easily navigate services and the District	 <u>VFM- System, Behaviour and Perception Change-Social Coin</u> Providing a sense of place and 'giving people permission' to engage with one another has become a key learning point from our engagement activity. This also includes navigation of the district. Those who are new to the city or have lived here for a significant amount of time expressed in our engagement work how they lacked confidence to venture further than their neighbourhood. This was particularly prevalent among working class. Lack of positive exposure and new experiences can limit the capacity of people to accept others and be open to engaging with those who are different from themselves. Reasons included; Poor English New to the city Not knowing what was available Not sure where to start We will encourage people to travel and experience life across Bradford district. It will work closely with Bradford's department of Leisure and Tourism. We will trial the Social Coin. The Social Coin will rewards user when they 'complete' a challenge. The 'Coin' is currently in Beta stage and is being trailed in Hull. This may include vouchers or to subsidise or fund travel and entry fees into events and spaces. This app will allow people to; Explore Bradford- this will have a series of challenges which will encourage users to visit places or try a new experiences 	There are wide variations across the district with 27% of the District's population living in areas classed in the 10% most deprived areas in England and 6% of the population living in areas classed in the 10% least deprived areas in England. People on low income/ or bordering on poverty are less likely to travel outside of their area, be open to new experiences and engage with people they have never met before.	Engage and recruit residents to support design Initiate design process for product Set up process agreed	A number of organisations agree to promote app/and sign up residents Test app/ paper copy is developed for testing Testing beta phase is successful Implementatio n phase commences Live demos are showcased in centenary square and at Yorkshire Gamers	No of organisation s registered to promote to users No of downloads No of paper copies distributed Over 1,000 people engage in celebration events for those who complete	23% from Slovakia, 10% from Latvia and, 9% from Romania and 7% from the Czech Republic. Bradford has more registrations from South Asia compared to the UK as a whole. The levels of child poverty in Bradford are unacceptably high, with almost 40,000 (31.8%) of the district's children and young people living in relative poverty as defined by Government. The value of tourism to the district's economy stands at more than £500 million a year, with an estimated 8.6 million day trips within the district. The impact of this is more than 13,500 jobs supported by the tourism and retail sector. A report called "Children and Parents: Media Use and Attitudes Report" published by Ofcom on 29 November 2017 found that, nationally: * Children aged 3-4: 1% have their own	People feel a greater sense of belonging to the district, a better understand the diversity (people and place) People have an opportunity to mix and learn more about different cultures. Perceptions of different communities are improved for people participating. Perceptions about the District are improved for people participating. People have more confidence to 13
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People Can- promoting volunteering and	smartphone and 21%	travel outside
active participation.	have their own tablet.	of their
 Tell us what you think- we will be able to 	40% play games, for	neighbourhood
push out to users a survey that can	nearly 6 hours per	and engage
frequently gauge users responses to the	week, 53% go online	with 'others'.
app as well as any learning	for nearly 8 hours per	
It will have a number of components;	week. 0% have a	Attitudinal
1) Our Project Support Officer will coordinate	social media profile	change and
applications and involve partners such as VCS and		greater
Faith in the initial set up to increase downloads or	* Aged 12-15: 83%	tolerance of
'sign up's. Our communications and marketing will	have their own	communities
provide a robust campaign across the city.	smartphone and 55%	across
	have their own tablet.	Bradford
2) Engage and interact with users.	77% play games for	district.
	around 12 hours per	
3) A celebration event will take place where people	week, 99% go online	
who have completed the activities of their choice are	for nearly 21 hours	
given an acknowledgement of their participation by a	per week, 74% have a	
civic leader. Entertainment will be provided by	social media profile.	
different community groups from across the district.		
The project will have good links with Believing in		
Bradford.		

PRIORITY AREA 2: EDUCATION PILLAR: GETTING ALONG

More people will have a greater understanding of other people's views and cultures across Bradford District.

lives		TARGET AREAS inc stakeholder considerations	MILESTONES (specific, measurable, and link back to how it will contribute towards achieving the longer term outcomes			EVIDENCE BASE inc gaps / rationale Why this has been	Outcome Measures
OBJECI			2018/19 Set up measures / ways of working etc	2019/20 Initial output measures inc early wins	2020/21 Output measures	identified as a priority objective – what's the hypothesis they're testing?	
4.	VFM- System change- Sixth Form College	The Wards in	Launch two	Establish	No of	In 'Understanding	Improved
Influence	We will use this as opportunity to learn from a new	Bradford where	new sixth form	learning and	students	School Segregation	social mixing

schools to	sixth form college in the city ward to encourage	the proportion of	colleges	distance	aged 16-18	in England 2011-	between
test new	social mixing of young people living in different part	BAME pupils is	-	travelled	years will	2016 the study set	young people
approaches	of Bradford. With several local school-based sixth	over 90% are	Baseline data	through	attend each	out to assess	
to their	forms closing or proposed to close, Bradford this	generally Bradford	on attitudes	surveys	college.	whether schools are	Better and
School	year has a shortage of Post 16 places. New College	Moor,				segregated by socio-	long term
Admissions	Bradford will be a 16-19 sixth form college in	Manningham, City			No of	economic status and	relationships
Policy	Bradford, delivering a curriculum with over 30 A-	and Toller. The			students	ethnicity. The study	are formed
	Levels, a selection of Level 3 BTECs and a	Wards where the			baselined	found that in 58% of	with people
	Technical Baccalaureate in engineering and	proportion of			on attitudes	primary schools and	different to
	manufacturing technologies. When at its maximum,	White British				79% of secondary	themselves
	it is planned that it will contain 500 students. New	pupils is over 90%				schools in Bradford	
	College Bradford is scheduled to open in September	are generally				were classed as	Better
	2019.Our proposed provision will also go some way	Wharf dale, Worth				ethnically	understanding
	to meeting this need. We will be using this as a new	Valley and llkley.				segregated schools;	of other
	approach to learn from. As the Stronger					this was a decrease	people
	Communities Partnership we will be monitoring					from 2011 where	
	progress.					63% of primary and	Reduced
	Systems Change- Schools Admissions Policy		Utilise existing	Agree the new	No of	89% of secondary	tensions and
	Following on from this work, we will take learning		secondary/pri	admissions	school's	schools were	rivalry against
	and evidence to influence schools to work together		mary head	policy to test	test and	segregated. The	young people
	to test and trial a new School Admissions Policy.		cluster		trial new	study compares	living in
			meetings to	Baseline data	admissions	schools' intake in	different parts
	The school admissions system is one of the most		agree		approach	terms of ethnicity	of Bradford.
	contentious areas of education policy, and		collection of	Baseline again		with those of the 10	
	secondary school admissions in particular have		data and	in six months	No of	schools nearest to	Changed
	become a highly controversial political issue.		evidence of		children the	them.	policy practice
	Parents naturally want their children to go to the		current affects	Baseline at the	policy has	500/ 10 100	in one or more
	best possible school, and the process of choosing		of existing	end of school	impacted	58% of primary	school
	and being allocated a place can be extremely		admissions	year		schools and 79% of	
	stressful. Each year this is reflected in media		policy.			secondary schools in	
	features about the 'best' schools, and in stories					Bradford were	
	about over-subscribed schools, disappointments,		Identify 1 or 2			classed as ethnically	
	appeals and the various strategies employed by		secondary			segregated schools;	
	parents to get what they want for their children. The		schools willing			this was a decrease	
	current system is often described as being based on		to trial and			from 2011.	
	the principle of parental choice. Yet it is a matter of		learn from an				
	fact that not all parental choices can be satisfied		adapted				
	when popular schools are over-subscribed. Parents		school's				
	have preferences rather than choices.		admissions				
			policy				
	The approach will include exploration of how we can		Manitan				
	actively monitor the effects of current school's		Monitor				15

	admissions policy on pupil segregation which would		progress of the two sixth form				
	provide evidence and data. Using this data and learning from the colleges, we will work with a small		colleges				
	selection of secondary schools (possibly 1-2) to test		conogoo				
	and trail different methods, these could include;						
	1) School catchment areas being redrawn to force a						
	more socially mixed education system						
	2) a review of league tables, selective and semi-						
	selective admissions criteria to make fairer and						
	better mixing of those of affluence and children from						
	poorer backgrounds						
	3) Review "random allocation", method which						
	designates places using a ballot rather than						
	proximity once a school is oversubscribed.						
	4) To explore possibilities of a fair banding system,						
	schools admit pupils from across the whole ability						
	range; can be combined with the use of parental						
	preferences within each band to create a new						
	system of fair choice. This would equally apply to schools with a religious character, which means that						
	religious faith would no longer take strict						
	precedence over all other factors in allocating						
	places to these schools. This would be compatible						
	with schools maintaining their own distinct ethos,						
	religious or otherwise.						
	We will take the evaluation of this work to propose						
	and encourage other schools to adopt a similar						
-	model.	.					
5. Increase	Behaviour and Perception Change- Schools linking	Primary offer will be delivered	Create mobilisation	Deliver linking schools to	134 classes across	In 'Understanding School Segregation	Schools linking are a
social	We will work all primary schools and a selection of	across the District.	plan for the	primary	Year 3, 4	in England 2011-	proven way to
contact	secondary schools in Bradford District. Currently	Particularly	first year of	schools.	and 5	2016 the study set	help build
between	this provision is paid by schools but will be offered	focussing on the	delivery		participate	out to assess	relationships
people of	for free to all schools. It will;	58% of schools	-	Develop a		whether schools are	between
different		which are most	Seek to	'parent linking'	10	segregated by socio-	children from
background	1) Develop a positive, cohesive ethos by helping	segregated.	engage 50%	scheme in 6	secondary	economic status and	different
s including	children, young people and adults to explore identity, celebrate diversity		(134 classes) of year 3, 4	schools.	schools	ethnicity. The study found that in 58% of	backgrounds,
school age		Linking schools	or year 5, 4	Pupils.	participate		developing

children		offered at	and 5 pupils in			primary schools and	their skills and
providing	2) Champion equality and promote British Values	secondary	a linking	To link 4	1 digital	79% of secondary	breaking
opportunitie	and community through an expansion of current	schools will be	experience in	'Special	linking	schools in Bradford	down barriers
s for open	training, resources and programmes in schools	invited based on	the first year of	Schools' and	platform	were classed as	from an early
dialogue		where the	the	'Maintained	developed	ethnically	age.
and to learn	3) Offer Leadership and staff training to all schools.	proportion of	programme.	Schools'.		segregated schools;	
from each	-,	BAME pupils is	p 3		6 schools	this was a decrease	
other.	4) Develop a digital linking platform that will be	over 90% in	Discuss and	Develop a	involved on	from 2011 where	
	available to all schools.	Bradford Moor.	agree 10	digital linking	a 'parent	63% of primary and	
		Manningham, City	secondary	platform that	linking'	89% of secondary	
	5) Develop a 'parent linking' scheme in 6 schools.	and Toller and	schools.	will be	initiative	schools were	
		where the		available to all		segregated. The	
	6) Develop a 'home educated' resource pack that	proportion of	Leadership	schools.	All home	study compares	
	will be available to all 'home educated' pupils.	White British	and staff		educated	schools' intake in	
		pupils is over 90%	training will be	Develop a	pupil	terms of ethnicity	
	7) To link 4 'Special Schools' and 'Maintained	in Wharf dale,	offered to all	'home	parents	with those of the 10	
	Schools'.	Worth Valley and	schools.	educated'	have	schools nearest to	
		llkley.		resource pack	access to a	them.	
			Agree	that will be	resource		
		138	participation of	available to all	pack.	58% of primary	
		supplementary	a No of	'home		schools and 79% of	
		schools from a	supplementary	educated'	4 'special	secondary schools in	
		diverse range of	schools.		school and	Bradford were	
		backgrounds offer			Maintained	classed as ethnically	
		weekend and after			Schools	segregated schools;	
		school provision.			linked.	this was a decrease	
		More than 10,000				from 2011.	
		children attend.			20		
					supplement	138 supplementary	
					ary schools	schools from a	
					participate	diverse range of	
						backgrounds offer	
						weekend and after	
						school provision but	
						offer no social	
						mixing of groups.	
						More than 10,000	
						children attend.	

VFM- Systems, Perception and Behaviour Change-	138	Coordinator is	No of	20 places	138 Supplementary	This aims to
Supplementary Schools	Supplementary	in post	supplementary	of worship	schools in the district	strengthen
We will take the learning from the pilot scheme that	schools in the		schools	will be	representing Polish,	good inter-
aims to support places of worship in Bradford and	district with more	Mobilisation	access the QF	covered in	Ukrainian, Chinese,	faith relations,
district by conducting an organisational 'health-	than 10,000	plan drafted.		this pilot	Hindu, Sikh, Kurdish,	increase the
check' on areas such as: policy, governance,	children attending		No of	phase,	Syrian, Sudanese,	awareness of
finance, safeguarding, access, and equality. Further	in the evening and	Initial scoping	supplementary	starting	Somalian, Muslim	the different
support, training and signposting to institutions in	at weekends.	of interest.	schools who	with an	and Christian	faith
order to improve effectiveness and long-term			develop action	emphasis	communities In	communities
sustainability of places of worship to keep them			plans	on self-	Bradford more than	in the UK
resilient and safe. This will be provided by Bradford				assessmen	10,000 children	
Council. This service is provided for any place of			N of	t and	attend	Increase
worship that could benefit from a robust health-			supplementary	working	supplementary	understanding
check with a focus on harder to reach and more			schools have	with a	schools in the	between
isolated communities who could use further support			a change in	consultant	evening and at	people of
with community cohesion. Quality Framework for			practice	to guide	weekends.	religious and
Supplementary Schools Bradford Council is working				each		non-religious
in partnership with National Resource Centre for			No of	organisatio		beliefs.
Supplementary Schools to recognise, celebrate,			supplementary	n through the health-		
record and improve the achievements of			schools			
supplementary schools. Supplementary schools			awarded the	check and		
can gain a Quality Framework Award at bronze,			standard	follow-up.		
silver or gold levels. These levels cover teaching and learning, governance and community				Quality		
engagement. Schools must complete the Bronze				Framework		
level first to demonstrate that they have essential				for		
management and safeguarding procedures in place.				Supplemen		
There is also a Special Distinction Award for				tary		
schools that are disseminating good practice with				Schools -		
other supplementary schools.				20 Schools		
				per year		
We are aware that Bradford will be receiving some						
funding for a coordinator to develop further work in				20 schools		
this area. Part of this work will include				will go		
supplementary schools accessing schools linking				through a		
opportunities. There will be some linkage to the				Linking		
schools linking work.				Network		

PRIORITY AREA 3: SOCIAL MIXING PILLAR: GETTING INVOLVED

More people from all backgrounds will feel they understand, respect and connect with each other.

OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITY What will they do? (including system / behavioural changes)	TARGET AREAS inc stakeholder considerations Based on a considered segmentation strategy (e.g. geography, demographics)	link back to h towards achie outcomes 2018/19 Set up measures / ways of working etc	(specific, measure ow it will contrib eving the longer 2019/20 Initial output measures inc early wins	ute	EVIDENCE BASE inc gaps / rationale Why this has been identified as a priority objective – what's the hypothesis they're testing?	Outcome Measures
6. Work with RSL on how provision is allocated.	System Change- Residential Segregation We know that segregated communities often breed intolerance and prejudices. We are aware also that school segregation is largely driven by residential segregation across our District. We feel that this is an area that we do not know enough about. We know residential segregation exists, but we don't fully understand the effects on attitudes and social mixing. Data also suggests within our highly segregated areas there are high levels of mixed race families, which make up 2% of the population in Bradford. This would be interesting to explore. We know some of the reasons for choosing to live in a certain area come from a number of causes and motives. Some of these include; Affordable housing Social housing stock allocation across the district Family and social connections Familiarity of an area Therefore, we propose the following approach; 1) Identify and work with an existing RSL to review their housing allocation process using choice lettings as a basis of good practice. This	The most recent data available to look at residential segregation comes from the 2011 Census. New arrivals from abroad tended to settle in Bradford's city centre where housing was affordable and available. This pattern of settlement has continued. Most new arrivals, whether from South Asia, the EU or through asylum routes have tended to settle in the city centre and its	Identify RSL to work with Review existing RSL community cohesion practices Carry out evidence review of best practice Commission researcher to explore 'white flight' syndrome	Change allocation policy and process in one RSL Agree action plan on how best to tackle segregation, stereotypes and misconceptions across estates Carry out survey Review best practice and agree to implement one or two actions with discussion and decision from partners	Action plan created.	Bradford has the third highest level of residential segregation in England with nearly a third of Council wards having BAME populations of over 50%. There are variations in the patterns of housing tenure between different ethnic groups with BAME communities largely buying. One in nine households in Bradford includes people of more than one ethnic group, higher than most other districts in West	Increased understanding of the impact of segregated communities. Increased understanding of 'white flight' Possible solutions identified

	has been successfully trailed with BHT (Bradford	surrounding				Yorkshire.	
	Housing Trust), now Incommunities. We will need	wards, or in					
	to evaluate the affect of this on families and in	Keighley. Wharf				Mixed ethnic group	
	particular social mixing and integration.	dale, Ilkley, Worth				has nearly doubled in	
		Valley, Craven				size since 2001, to	
	2) Review existing community cohesion	and Baildon wards				12,799 in 2011,	
	approaches across RSL estates to reduce	have the highest				representing 2% of	
	tensions, promoting social mixing and integration	proportions White				the total population.	
	opportunities.	British people.					
		Toller,				30,000 properties	
	3) We do not understand enough about causes	Manningham,				rented from	
	and motives of 'white flight' and why people to	Bradford Moor,				Registered Providers	
	choose where they live or why they leave an area	City and Little				(RPs) of social	
	and propose a research project to explore this	Horton wards				housing, representing	
	further.	have the highest				just fewer than 15% of	
		proportions of					
	1) Deceline attitudes corress a highly residential					the total housing	
	4) Baseline attitudes across a highly residential	BAME				stock.	
	segregated area with an area which is least	communities.					
	segregated to compare attitudes to social mixing,	B				Housing rose from	
	integration and of others to understand the impact	Registered social				467,100 in 2000 to	
	of integration based on where you live.	housing landlords				531,200 in 2015. The	
		across the District				64,100 rise over 15	
	5) Explore best practice around the world on					years represents a	
	approaches to tackling residential segregation					14% increase. There	
	through our work with Intercultural Cities.					is projected to be an	
						additional 51,800	
						increase by 2019.	
7.	VFM- Perception Change- Understanding	Faith	Develop a	A programme of	Sustained	46% of people in the	More people will
Increase	different faiths	organisations	programme of	faith walks and	engagemen	2011 census listed	understand
social	Our pilot projects on faith have had positive	already engaged	activity for the	iconic places of	t of people	their religion as	other faiths
mixing	feedback from the community. They have been	for example,	first year of the	worship tour	through the	Christian. 25% listed	better
across the	well-attended. People have said that they have a	Church, Mosque,	programme,	produced and	intervention	their religion as	
District,	raised awareness and understanding of other	Gurdwara,	demonstrating	delivered		Muslim. This does	More people in
widening	people's religion whilst being able to openly ask	Temple and	scaling up of		Every	not consider practice.	our district will
exposure	questions they have felt they hadn't been able to	Synagogue.	Faith Walks	Conversation	month		respect each
and	before.	,	and Iconic	café launched	approximat	The 'Your Views'	other
opportuniti		Voluntary	Places of		ely a No of	survey suggests that	
es in	1) We will invest in a series of events that will	community	Worship Tour		people will	50% of respondents in	More people will
building	encourage dialogue between those of different	organisations			attend faith	Bradford think that	build friendships
friendships	faith groups such as conversation cafes. The		Set a plan of		walks,	people in their local	with people
and	cafes will be themed allowing conversations to be	Informal groups	delivery that			area get on well	from different
networks.	more focussed on topics that people really want		will include		Every year	together.	backgrounds
notworks.				1			

to know more about. In order to increase		number of		a No of		
understanding of professional's knowledge;		conversation		people will	White British form the	There will be a
specific tours and conversations will take place so		cafes based		attend the	largest ethnic group at	reduction of
practitioners and professionals can ensure better		on various		faith walk in	67.4%. The	hate crime
engagement with people across the district.		themes as		Manningha	proportion of people	relating to
		follow up		m,	of Pakistani origin is	religion such as
2) We will continue to deliver Faith walks on the					the highest in the	Hate Crime.
first Saturday of every month from Leeds Road				Every year	country. Nearly 5,000	
with the Police. An annual faith walk takes place				a No of	Czech and Slovak	
in Manningham. These are open to anybody in				people will	Roma communities	
the community, whatever their background or				attend the	identified, suggest we	
age. Faith Walks are designed to make Places of				Iconic	are one of the highest	
Worship accessible and are open to anyone with				Places of	populations from this	
an interest in learning more. Places of worship				Worship,	group in the UK.	
include Churches, Mosques, Temples, Gudwaras						
and Synagogues.						
3) Bradford Iconic Places of Worship delivered						
once a year but would be scaled up for this						
project is another example of this work where						
places of worship welcome people into their						
spaces. We have a diverse range of places for						
worship with the oldest Synagogue in Bradford						
described as the Moorish Gem.						
4) We will also progress with a Twinning Project						
between Mosques and Churches, this is a						
national project run by the Christian & Muslim						
Forum. This will work closely with work on						
improving opportunities for those furthest away in						
the job market.						
	The latest	Data compiled	Planning teams	No of		People feel a
	population figures	on current	review festivals	people		greater sense of
	produced by the	engagement in	and events.	attend an		belonging to the
	Office for National	festivals and	Activities are	event that		district,
	Statistics (ONS)	events	designed with	they would		
	on 22 June 2017		support from	not typically		Better
	show that an	Engagement	local residents.	attend and		understanding
	estimated 534,300	of local		that is		of the diversity
	people live in	residents to	Festivals and	outside of		(people and
these. Typical examples of these include:	Bradford District - an increase of	involve in the design and	events calendar drafted for the	their neighbourh		place) and have an opportunity
Bradford Festival, Bradford (and Ilkley) Literature						

Festivals, Women of the World Festival (WOW),	3,100 people	delivery of	year.	ood.	to mix and learn
Bingley Music Live, Airedale Agricultural Festival,	(0.6%) since the	festivals and			more about
Keighley Show, Ilkley Gala, theatre etc. This	previous year.	events.	Festivals and	No of	different
gives people a sense of pride of place and a		Data capture	events	volunteers	cultures.
sense of belonging n the district.	The Wards in	on attendees	promoted.	supporting	
	Bradford where	agreed		those less	Perceptions of
1) Using volunteers we will 'buddy' people	the proportion of		Get Together	confident to	different
together who would not normally attend these	BAME pupils is		funding is open	engage in	communities
events to provide new opportunities for social	over 90% are			the life of	are improved
mixing (The Key to Bradford and Believing in	generally Bradford		Great Together	the District	for people
Bradford/Catalyst).	Moor,		applications		participating.
	Manningham, City		received	No of new	
2) Where gaps exist we will invest in events and	and Toller. The			programmin	People have
programming to extend the 'offer' that is available,	Wards where the		Great together	g (and	more
making sure that this is better tailored to suit the	proportion of		applications are	events) take	confidence to
demographics of the wider district.	White British		approved	place that	travel outside of
	pupils is over 90%			allow	their
Alongside these events we will continue our	are generally		Great together	people to	neighbourhood
work for much more scaled up version of our	Wharf dale, Worth		events take	celebrate	and engage
Great Get Together. The Big Lunch is the UK's	Valley and llkley.		place	and share	with 'others'.
annual get together for neighbours. Every year in				their culture	
June since the idea began in 2009; millions of	Faith		Festivals and	with 'others'	The Great Get
people stop what they're doing and get together	organisations		events		Together
with neighbours in a nationwide act of community	already engaged		delivered.	No of	provides an
and friendship. This initiative has been supported	for example,			community	opportunity for
by the safer and Stronger partnership Board and	Church, Mosque,		Impact and	groups	people to learn
fits in with the 'People Can' brand. A Big Lunch or	Gurdwara,		evaluation report	supported	about cultures
Get Together can be anything from a small	Temple and		provided.	each year	and foods from
gathering in a garden, park or driveway, to a	Synagogue.			targeting a	their neighbours
larger party with trestle tables down the middle of				No of	through the well
your street. The official Big Lunch date in June	Voluntary			people.	know medium
isn't practical for every community so you can run	community				of food bringing
one at any time you fancy. People from all over	organisations				people together.
the district are invited to come together with					
friends, neighbours and others they don't yet					
know to get involved and take part in street					
parties, picnics, barbeques and bake-off					
competitions. An annual programme with grants					
of £200 to enable people to get involved and					
bring their neighbours together over what can be					
humble lunches to something very grand. Good					
examples include more than 400 people gathered					

 in Lund Park for Keighley latest Great Get Together on Saturday July 8th 2017. The park hosted people from different backgrounds cultures and ages all enjoying the sunshine and taking part in archery, cycling, running, games whilst listening to the sound of reggae. A host of organisations were involved in the planning and delivery including Lund Park Community Group, Community Action Bradford and District, Bradfor Council, Church of the Nazarene, Keighley Children's Centres, Roshni Ghar, and Bangladeshi Community Association. VFM- Perception and Behaviour Change- Peopl Can "People Can" is an open invitation to our communities, neighbourhoods, villages, towns, individuals and organisations that make up the district to work together to do things differently, discover how we can all make a difference to ou lives and the places we live in. It is an ambitious initiative that is established as a broader district wide approach that succeeds through collaborating with the Voluntary and Community Sector (VCS), the business community and citizens and not through the Council's work alone People Can is recognised with in the Council tha it cuts across all the Council Plan outcomes, it a district wide approach that is gaining a wider recognition that the approach and ethos can haw great transformational potential in shifting the public sectors' relationship with citizens to a one where communities and others work to support each other. A timetable of activities is produced for the ye with various council depts. and with partner agencies and residents carry out arrange of themed activities throughout the district. Examples of groups of volunteers getting togethi include the following, Street Angels, Friends of the Deceased - litter picks and maintaining vegetation at Schlemoor cemetery, 'Friends of 	d The latest population figures produced by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on 22 June 2017 r show that an estimated 534,300 people live in Bradford District - an increase of 3,100 people e. (0.6%) since the previous year. e ar	Recruit a People Can coordinator which will take on a more strategic role to widen impact of the People Can initiative Coordinate activities for the year	Gather intel on volunteering data including demographics. Produce activities for the year Capture data	10,000 people are engaged across the district. 100 VCS organisation s engage in People Can 1000 volunteers participate across the District	Over 100,000 people volunteer in Bradford District on an individual basis or in groups. They support around 1,500 community organisations in the district and contribute to their neighbourhoods in diverse ways. In 2017 People Can posts had reached 122,000 residents in the district through Facebook	Community of people finding new ways to work together, Shared approach to solving problems and meeting needs Increased neighbourliness - carrying out small, informal, every day acts of support and kindness for others Increased Community action – creating or being part of a group, activity or event with others to start tackling local issues and 23
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	groups e.g. Bowling Park and Community Litter						needs
	Picks.						Increased
	2) Community Stars Awards- Community Stars						Volunteering
	was launched as part of a Year of Active Citizens						0
	in 2011 and since then the Council, voluntary						Increased use
	sector and the Telegraph and Argus have worked						of existing
	closely together to have an annual Community						resources
	Stars campaign that celebrates what people do within their communities and the People Can						
	Make a Difference campaign will build on this						
	work.						
8.	Behaviour and Perception Change- Real People	The Wards in	Agree Project	40 sets of Small		The most recent data	Numbers of
Provide	Honest Talk	Bradford where	Support	group	Big	available to look at	people who
safe	1) Small Conversations: We will establish 40 sets	the proportion of	Officer to	conversations	conversatio	residential	have had a
spaces	of conversations across BMDC area with 15 in	BAME pupils is	deliver	focussed on	n gathering	segregation comes	positive
where difficult	each group reaching 600 people. 60% of participants will be women and we will avoid	over 90% are generally Bradford	Identify	addressing local needs and	with city wide	from the 2011 Census. From the	experience of dialogue across
conversatio	community gatekeepers. Discussion will focus on	Moor,	organisations	raising difficult	participation	19th century onwards,	difference.
ns can be	local issues and each group will develop an	Manningham, City	as hubs	issues.	including	new arrivals from	difference.
held, and	action plan for their neighbourhood. We will work	and Toller. The			members of	abroad tended to	Numbers of
conflicts	within local communities to identify potential	Wards where the	Recruit	40 sets of action	small	settle in Bradford's	people who
can be	participants and encourage them to sign-up, as	proportion of	conversational	plans for local	conversatio	city centre where	have had a
resolved.	well as organising the events themselves. We will	White British	leaders	mobilisation to	n groups,	housing was	conversation
	identify local organisations who can act as hubs for each conversation. Real People Honest Talk	pupils is over 90%	Agree RPHT	foster integration and community	policy makers,	affordable and available. This pattern	with a
	experienced community conversation leaders will	are generally Wharf dale, Worth	continuation	capacity	representati	of settlement has	neighbour they did not know
	facilitate the conversations using dialogical	Valley and likley.	support post	building.	ves from	continued. Most new	from a different
	approach, and over the course of the programme		this pre-	banang.	LA, CCG's,	arrivals, whether from	faith or
	ideas will captured and shared. Following on from	Focus of the	preparation	12 community	police etc.	South Asia, the EU or	ethnicity.
	the Small Conversations, communities will be	programme will be	work	events aimed at		through asylum routes	
	supported in turning their ideas into actions.	on	Local planning	raising the	Research	have tended to settle	Numbers of
	Following on from the Small Conversations,	intergenerational	stage drawing	profile of the	report	in the city centre and	people having
	communities will be supported in turning their	relationships and	together key stakeholders.	work and	identifying	its surrounding wards,	had an honest
	ideas into actions through RPHT Near Neighbours grants.	trust building.	Slakenoiders.	ensuring wider coverage.	key learning from the	or in Keighley. Wharf dale, Ilkley, Worth	and open conversation.
		The key attribute	Recruitment of		programme.	Valley, Craven and	
	2) Big Conversation: We will organise a city-wide	of the programme	staff and	12 meetings of	Monitoring	Baildon wards have	For participants:
	celebration event with up to 600 participants. This	is that it brings	particularly	reference group	and	the highest	Attitude change
	will include representatives from LA, Police,	together people	local	to identify good	evaluation	proportions White	leading to
	CCG's and other public bodies as well as local	from different	animators	practice and	report.	British people. Toller,	positive attitude
	people who have taken part in the small groups.	faiths and		learning from		Manningham,	about living in

		D 11 1 7				
This will provide potential for development of a	ethnicities.	Recruitment of	the process.		Bradford Moor, City	my
longer-term programme of RPHT events aimed at		local partner			and Little Horton	neighbourhood.
providing safe spaces through time. Previous	Specific targeting	organisations	Development of		wards have the	
events have provided an opportunity to showcase	will take place to	about to host	a community of		highest proportions of	Attitude change
other local work.	ensure that each	conversation	practice to		BAME communities.	leading to
	conversation	groups	promote the			feeling safe in
3) Communications: We will implement a	groups is made up		programme		The 'Your Views'	my
communications strategy to engage local	of different voices.	Evaluation and	more widely		survey of the West	neighbourhood
communities and local decision-makers with the		monitoring	including		Yorkshire Police and	
Real People, Honest Talk programme. This will		process	academics,		Crime Commissioner	Attitude change
include developing digital media platforms as well		established.	practitioners and		suggests that 50% of	so that I feel I
as, press and TV coverage to share ideas,			policy makers (3		survey respondents in	can influence
support 'myth-busting', celebrate successes and		Establish	meetings during		Bradford think that	decision that
publicise project ideas. We will also build links		reference	the year)		people in their local	affect my
between each of the small conversations so as to		group of			area get on well	neighbourhood.
provide for an on-going wider conversation.		animators, NN			together, compared to	
		staff and key			55% for West	Attitude change
4) Research and Evaluation: We will collect data		stakeholders			Yorkshire (the survey	so that I have a
about changed attitudes and use the opportunity		to learn and			has only been running	more positive
presented by the conversations to build a picture		monitor.			since July 2017 and is	view of
of the key issues of integration as they arise in					too early to be broken	diversity.
the lives of local people. We also want to explore					down by	
the idea of integration guardians (local people					demographics or	Attitude change
who take a special interest in integration) and					neighbourhood).	so that I can
who have a system wide brief across various						say I trust my
aspects of a neighbourhood.						neighbours
						Capacity to talk
						more honestly
						and openly
						about difficult
						issues with my
						neighbours from
						different ethnic
						and religious
						backgrounds.
System, Behaviour and Perception Change-	Concentrating on	Community	Delivery of	1 social	Desire to/ or history of	Participants feel
Street Life	Keighley West	engagement	community	action	an asset-based	that their
As an exemplar model, we will aim to engage and	– (BD22) Bracken	carried out in	development	group per	approach to	contribution to
recruit grassroots organisations, faith groups and	Bank which is	wards and	and resilience	area in	community	their community
community activists. We will work across three	ranked between	people	training	Keighley,	development	is valued
wards Keighley, Little Horton and Eccleshill to set	the lowest 10-20%	registered to		Little Horton		
						05

 Challenge disruptive community influences Host cross cultural community celebration 	aged between 16 and 64.13.4% over 64.					
 VFM- Behaviour and Perception Change- Believing in Bradford/ Catalyst Using the models of 'Believing in Bradford and Catalyst we will support 600 young people (between the age of 16 -26) through a four day residential to improve their knowledge of the district and 'the other', develop confidence and commitment to act as positive role models, to commit to engage in a tailored programme of activity over the next 12 months. The programme will emphasise the importance of religious and ethnic diversity in our city and encourages its young people to be understanding and supportive to people of all backgrounds. The programme will run over five years with 32 individual's residential (max 20 people on each). It will cover; 1) Develop the confidence and commitment to act as agents of positive change 2) Develop a positive identity for living in a multi- faith, multi-ethnic Bradford 3) Develop creative leaders to act as role models in local communities 4) Develop the skills and experience to play their part in building a strong civil society and enhance their employability. Consideration will be given to areas such as engagement of South Asian women on residential through pre-engagement and direct work with parents etc. and some 'women only' sessions. This project will be a 'Big Lottery' application and 'cost neutral to the 'Integration Programme' Project lead would be 'Well Springs'. 	Consideration will be given to areas such as engagement of South Asian women on residential through pre-engagement and direct work with parents etc. and some 'women only' sessions. 600 Young people across Bradford	Application is approved by Reaching Communities Mobilisation plan is drafted and agreed	Recruitment of 120 young people Women are pre- engaged 6 residential will run in the first year	32 residentials where people from different background s mix and develop leadership skills 600 people (age 16 - 26) from across the district participate in leadership developmen t programme. 600 positive role models 600 active citizens engaged in a 12- month programme of social action that changes behaviour, attitude and opinion across district.	Raising aspiration and building potential future leaders amongst the districts young people has come out of the consultation as a leading priority. 194,200 (36.3%) of the District's population is aged under 26. 73,900 (13.8%) of the District's population is aged between 16 and 26. 51% male and 49% female. Wharfedale ward has the lowest percentage of this age group (8.9%) followed by Ilkley (9.3%) and Baildon (9.5%). At the other end of the scale: City has the highest percentage (30.7%) followed by Manningham (18.2%) and Toller (17.3%). The 2011 Census provides data by ethnic origin and broad age groups. 57.9% of the 16-29 age group is White, 26.3% is of Pakistani origin, 3.5% is of Mixed origin and 3% is of Indian origin.	16-26 year olds learn to trust and respect and form friendships with people from different backgrounds to themselves Behaviour change, attitude and opinion district

Improve coordination n between partners and service). Bringing in specialist external support to reduced to local profites and need. Where necessary VCS workers will have 'back fill' provided to enable a thorough and robust engagement process with the Roma community.Other programmes i.e. ClLDand extons are programmes i.e. ClLDand actions are agreed.and actions are agreed.thematic meetings each year, discussing priorities prioritiespople on the electoral register in provide to communities.pople on the provide to communities.pople on the provide to communities.provide provide to and to community.VE will develop a strategy and tobust each year, repease to communities.Other provides to community beter.Other provides to enable a thorough and robust estrations and from Central the Polish community.Other provides to enable a thorough and robust estrations are from the Polish community.Other provides to enable a thorough and robust estrations are from the Polish community.Other provides to enable a thorough and robust estrations are from the Polish community.To communities arternship and the Health and of sortices to meet the needs asylum seekers Roma community.To community estrations are from the Polish (2.96, Romanian (396, 5%), Lituanian (396, 5%), Lituanian (396, 5%), Lituanian (396, 5%), Lituanian (396, 5%), Lituanian (397, 7%), Lituanian (396, 5%), Lituanian (39	ter in Centralinfluence provided to communities of interest, givingEE)them2% of cons).confidence to become more involved in the political and community life of the district.or the ter are:Tailored and aligned support (994, provided by ian agencies to meet the needs of communities0%). h the ter are ter of ter are ter of ter areof interest.	people on the electoral register in Bradford from Central and Eastern European (CEE) communities (2% of total registrations). 50% of CEE registrations are from the Polish community. Other CEE communities on the electoral register are: Slovakian (1,266, 15%), Latvian (994, 12%), Romanian (597, 7%), Lithuanian (505, 6%), Czech (396, 5%), Hungarian (112, 1%), Estonian (62, 1%), Croatian (20, 0%) and Slovenian (9, 0%). The wards with the highest number of people from CEE communities on the electoral register are City, Tong, Little	across the region with other authorities. Three thematic meetings each year, discussing priorities determined by the 'communitie s of interest'. 7 'communitie s of interest' actively engaged in discussions pertinent to their community. Action Plans produced that reflects the needs of 'communitie s of interest' Project	and actions are	working group led by the Stronger Communities	Other programmes i.e. CLLD Employability partners Partners i.e. Health, Police, Housing, Education public sector LGBT Women New migrants Refugees and asylum seekers	We will develop a strategy and delivery plan that crosses the four large public sector institutions (Council, Health, Police, Fire & Rescue Service).Bringing in specialist external support to work alongside VCS groups that support Roma communities. A strategy will be developed that reflects the local priorities and need. Where necessary VCS workers will have 'back fill' provided to enable a thorough and robust engagement process with the Roma community. We will invest where needed training and travel to support the tailoring of services to meet the needs of Roma community better. We will engage with providers such as Bradford College to develop language courses in more European Languages. Individual delivery plans will be produced for Council, Health, Police and Fire & Rescue Service, monitored through the Stronger Communities Partnership and the Health and Wellbeing Board. This project will create tailored and more localised projects targeting this	Improve coordinatio n between partners and services so people have a fair
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PRIORITY AREA 4: PERCEPTIONS OF THE OTHER PILLAR: FEELING SAFE

More people will say they feel satisfied with their neighbourhood and feel safer across our District.

negative views and stereotypes the DistrictsThe Integrated Communities Programme commissioned a District wide consultation to talk to local residents about what mattered to that some of the Districtsof road related offence incidents and there are particularPSPO obtainedDeliver 50 joint educational inputs in primary and secondary schools.nuisance car/vanYour Views Survey.Note the post the Districts residents hold about are different from themselves.Deliver 50 joint education to the seven key areas the particularnuisance and there are particularPSPO obtainedDeliver 50 joint educationnuisance car/vanYour Views Survey.notice the Districts residents hold about are different from themselves.Partnership Board shortlisted for discussion. we talked to a very large sample of 630 people hold about people and littering. We would like to explore a two factors.nuisance and dangerous driving by young people and littering. We would like to explore a two factors.Road, Nelson schoolsRoad safety education schoolsObtain further funding for the continuation of workDeliver 75 school parking multi daysnuisance and car/vanAs confider incidents has incidents has incident		ACTIVITY What will they do? (including system / behavioural changes)	TARGET AREAS inc stakeholder			urable, and link owards achieving	EVIDENCE BASE inc gaps /	Outcome Measures
10.Perception and Behaviour Change- Nuisance and Dangerous DrivingCity ward has the highlest number of road related offence incidents and there are people who the DistrictsDesign prief writtenDesign potential intervention.Deliver project.Whilst the number of confidence Your Views Confidence Your Views10.Reduce and Dangerous Driving tiews and stereotypesCity ward has the highlest number of road related offence incidents and there are people who themselves.Design potential intervention.Deliver project.Whilst the 	OBJECTIVES		Based on a considered segmentation strategy (e.g. geography,	Set up measures / ways of	Initial output measures inc		Why this has been identified as a priority objective – what's the hypothesis they're	
	Reduce negative views and stereotypes that some of the Districts residents hold about people who are different from	 and Dangerous Driving The Integrated Communities Programme commissioned a District wide consultation to talk to local residents about what mattered to them in relation to the seven key areas the Partnership Board shortlisted for discussion. We talked to a very large sample of 630 people in Bradford, Shipley and Keighley. The issues that were raised of particular concern were nuisance and dangerous driving by young people and littering. We would like to explore a piece of research which may or may not highlight any integration links between these two factors. This adds tensions and stereotyping between different communities resulting in people being divisive. 	highest number of road related offence incidents and there are particular 'hotspots' around Great Horton Road, Manchester Road, Ingleby Road, Nelson Street and Thornton Road. Majority of nuisance and dangerous driving have been young people –	written Researcher commissioned Road safety education rolled out to schools Engage with Families First Work in partnership to obtain a District wide PSPO for anti-social use	intervention. PSPO obtained Road safety delivered in schools Obtain further funding for the continuation of work Utilise Youth Ambassadors from Opportunity	Deliver 50 joint educational inputs in primary and secondary schools. Targeted early intervention work with young people identified at risk. Deliver 75 school parking multi days of action. Undertake 75 Operation Steerside	number of nuisance car/van incidents has remained stable the number of police recorded road related offence incidents has increased by 23% when comparing the year to 31 March 2018 with the previous year.	confidence - Your Views Survey. Increase number of reported incidents of ASB/Nuisance driving. As confidence increases this will have an impact on the number of incidents

Steerside to be a multi-agency response to	pursue and		perception	prosecutions.
tackle not only road safety but also concerns	death.	Promote	survey was	
regarding anti-social driving and the general		Operation	launched by	Obtain a
perception of driving in the District.		Steerside	the Office of	District Public
a) To work with partners from the Local		through media	the Police and	Space
councils, WYFRS and YAS to provide a rolling		and social	Crime	Protection
programme of road safety education resources		media	Commissioner.	Order (PSPO)
available for all school ages. To work with			Respondents	for
schools and educational establishments to			were asked	ASB/Nuisance
undertake multi agency parking and speeding			what key	driving
initiatives across the District utilising pupils to			community	5
promote education, rather than punishment for			safety issue	Reduce
incidents and parking issues. Ensure a problem			concerned	number of KSI
solving approach is taken to repeat offenses.			them the most	collisions.
Demand locations identified as having			in their local	-
persistent issues with anti-social driving,			area and 18%	
whether public or private to look to design out			of respondents	
the issues.			in Bradford	
b) We will identify young people involved in			said bad	
anti-social use of motor vehicles as a full family			driving	
approach utilising Families First scheme to			(speeding).	
ensure behaviours are addressed and effective				
interventions. Commitment to work with Third				
Sector Organisations and Youth Services to				
target and provide positive role models for				
youths identified as vulnerable for anti-social				
use of vehicles.				
c) Work in partnership to obtain a District wide				
PSPO for anti-social use of motor vehicles. This				
will show commitment of the District to tackle				
the issue and provide a combined partnership				
enforcement power. Identify opportunities to				
come and talk to the public about the operation				
to offer advice, raise awareness and provide				
materials.				
d) Promote the Operation through regular				
Media releases providing clear up dates on				
activity undertaken to raise awareness of				
partnership commitment to reduce effect.				
e) Identify resourcing requirements and where				
required submit funding applications to support				
our activity.				

	Steerside Strategic Management Group will develop a clear delivery plan with relevant and tangible actions for each partner, which collectively seek to address the issues, priorities and concerns across the District. Members will be in a position of influence and have decision making responsibilities concerning resources and budgets. Together they will look to pool resources, commit finance, and identify opportunities and work together to remove the perceptions of antisocial vehicle use across the District.						
11. Equip people with the skills to resolve conflict	 Perception and Behaviour Change- Hate Crime We will use this programme to test a number of interventions outlined in the Hate Crime Strategy. It will kick-start a programme of work, providing data and evidence on what works so the interventions we trial can be built on later through other sources of funding. Whilst developing the Hate Crime Strategy we carried out a number of consultations with people from the protected characteristic groups. Each group was given the opportunity to explore the hate crime strategy and objectives from previous years and asked to comment on what they would like to see in the 2017-20 strategy. Many of the objectives were shared between groups with some very clear overlap and others were specific to that protected characteristic group. The following have been highlighted as key areas of work; 1) Research the extent of Hate Crime in our District especially those that go unreported. 2) Redesigning the equality and diversity training to include cultural intelligence, further 	Following on consultations and data -groups most marginalised and likely to be victimised/ targeted. For example migrants, LGBT and Muslims.	Produce promotional material Establish Evolve as a way to monitor workforce training. Identify groups and organisations requiring support and training. Design restorative justice system	Deliver training to staff/organisations Disseminate material and publicise widely Test and learn from restorative justice in practice / evaluate and share learning	Work with schools and the wider community such as VCS, Faith Organisations and clubs to offer a programme of speakers (People Library) and resources to educate against hate crime in all its protected characteristics. Offered to all organisations, groups and clubs across the district. 40 sessions per year with groups of 15. To include a hate crime conference for teachers, professionals and	Overall, reported Hate Crimes in 2017 stood at 1,579 compared to 1,238 reported in 2016, this being an increase of 28%. 76% of hate crimes in Bradford in 2018 were racially motivated. 58.7% of victims of hate incidents in 2017 were Male and the age group with the highest proportion of victims was	Raising awareness of hate crime and hate incidents We aim to reduce the number of hate crime incidents on public transport, the night-time economy and the internet. Increasing the reporting of hate crime Reform those who may be likely to offend again.

	 and offering specific training on key subject areas such as Islamophobia and transphobia, refugees and asylums etc. The training will be offered to the entire workforce including employers, businesses, GP's and so on. 3) Promotion of hate crime strategy - production of videos, vlogs, social media campaigns, to include positive voices which will develop volunteers and organisations to promote good stories to counter and challenge harmful narratives. 4) Develop initiatives such as restorative justice which allows perpetrators to face victims in a safe environment to learn the impact their actions have on others. In particular where possible we see opportunities to connect individuals to other projects within our programme such as Real People, Honest Talk. 				Promotion of hate crime strategy - production of videos, vlogs, social media campaigns, to include positive voices which will develop volunteers and organisations to promote good stories to counter and challenge harmful narratives.	groups with 25% of victims. Unfortunately ethnicity data was missing for a large proportion of victims (45%), therefore analysis by ethnicity isn't reliable. 67% of suspects of hate incidents in 2017 were Male. The age group with the highest proportion of suspects was the Under 16 age group with 28%. Research has shown that hate crimes cause victims greater distress than similar crimes without the same motivation.	
12.	Behaviour and Perception Change- Pride in	50% of all streets	Design brief	Design potential	Deliver project.	High number	Cleaner
Facilitate activities	Place Litter came up repeatedly as a major area of	failing on litter in Bradford over	written	intervention. On site recycling	80% recycling rate	of streets failing to	street. More people
through the	concern across our engagement activities.	seven years have	Researcher	on site recycling	compared to 10% in	achieve an	take personal
Safer	People expressed how much litter impacted on	come from the	commissioned	Running of a bulk	some	acceptable	responsibility.
Communities	their own perceptions of where they live	same 6 wards:	Commissioned	refuse service	neighbourhoods	standard in	responsibility.
Partnership	including what they thought about their	Bradford Moor,	Identify 3		currently.	terms of litter	Residents and
	neighbourhood and the District. Whilst we	Manningham,	areas and 500	More landlords	Currenuy.	according to	businesses
	neighbourhoou and the District. Whilst we	ivianninghann,	areas and 500	wore landiorus	1	according to	DUSITIESSES

	appreciate that the long-term benefits of interventions against litter might not be	Little Horton, Toller, Bowling	properties	with waste in gardens are dealt	Reduction in the No of contaminated	NI195 assessments.	educated to dispose of
	immediate, we believe it may demonstrate a	and Barkerend	Training	with action	bins (would survey		their litter and
	sense of pride in place. We propose to;	and City.	delivered for		at the beginning	High incidence	waste
	 Evaluate and carry out research on 		council	Recruitment of	and end of the	of fly tipping as	properly.
	perceptions of area pertaining to litter	Regular reports	wardens on	street champions	pilot).	recorded on fly	
	and people's sense of personal	through various	recycling			capture.	Cleaner
	responsibility. We will use to compare	engagement		Civic pride event	50% reduction in		streets and
	against wards or areas which are	events and ward	Pilot of new	delivered	service	Complaints	tidier gardens
	clean and tidy to see whether there is	councillors of	systems for		requests/complaints	about rubbish	
	any correlation between perceptions of	complaints and	Council		about rubbish in	in gardens	Residents get
	place to receptiveness to integration.	tension in	Wardens		gardens.	reported to the	along better
	Litter came up repeatedly as a major area of	neighbourhoods,				contact centre.	
	concern across our engagement activities.	due to feelings			20% reduction in		
	People expressed how much litter impacted on	from some			the number of		
	their own perceptions of where they live	residents that			streets failing to		
	including what they thought about their	more recently-			reach and		
	neighbourhood and the District. Whilst we	arrived residents			acceptable level on		
	appreciate that the long term benefits of	are creating			litter.		
	interventions against litter might not be	issues in the					
	immediate we believe it may demonstrate a	neighbourhood			30% reduction in		
	sense of pride in place. We propose to;	as they are not			reports of fly		
	a) Evaluate and carry out research on	taking			tipping.		
	perceptions of area pertaining to litter and	responsibility for			000/ of mean and		
	people's sense of personal responsibility. We	their waste.			90% of green and		
	will use to compare against wards or areas				grey bins will be		
	which are clean and tidy to see whether there is				numbered and at		
	any correlation between perceptions of place to receptiveness to integration.				the correct		
	receptiveness to integration.				properties		
	NOT FUNDED THROUGH MHCLG				At least 5 street		
	b) Target 6 wards with up to 500 properties in 3				champions will be		
	different constituencies to run a pilot which will				in place in each of		
	involve trailing different approaches to improve				he 6 wards.		
	the appearance of the area. This will involve the						
	following:						
	1. Co-ordination of work to improve recycling						
	linked to an on site presence (washing out and						
	reuse of contaminated bins, issuing of new						
	recycling bins, numbering of bins) and regular						
	monitoring and events and other community						
	engagement activities,						
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 2. Running a mobile bulk refuse service that collects from the area on the same day every week, or as required, to make it easier for residents to responsibly dispose of waste from their gardens (residents would be charged in the same way as for the current service), 3. Training for Council Wardens on recycling, 4. Work with landlords and letting agents including education and the development of information packs and taking enforcement action against the landlords for waste in gardens and lack of green bins, 5. Council Wardens will pilot the use of software that allows them to issue CPWs on site, making it quicker and easier to take low level enforcement action and show residents that we're serious about dealing with the issues, 			
level enforcement action and show residents			
Council Wardens and 7. Civic pride event with awards in each			
neighbourhood possibly linked to a garden competition.			

INTERNAL U	SE ONLY FOR MHCLG IN	VESTMENT SUB COMMITTEI	E / IMPLEMENTATION MAN	AGEMENT
Cost / VFM analysis	Strategic Lead in IA	Progress	Risks / Mitigation	Issues
IA to complete - It should include low cost / no cost interventions- we may only be able to provide rough forecasts for now	Who is accountable for implementation progress in the IA?	Measured regularly by MHCLG and IA leads; will also be used to inform updates to the LIP, MHCLG IA board / ministers	As needed- identified by IA	As needed- identified by IA
Bradford District Council will administer any funding allocated by MHCLG on behalf of the Bradford 'Stronger Communities Partnership'. The Council undertakes its	Assistant Director Programme Lead	Interim chair appointed for the Partnership A number of Partnership and Steering group meetings have taken place to develop guiding	See Risk log	See issues log
procurement and commissioning processes in accordance with established internal financial regulations and standing orders for	Assistant Director	Programme Manager recruited and now in post		

ime Lead ime Lead ime Lead	Draft Delivery Plan submitted Delivery Plan and Strategy approved by Steering Group Delivery plan and Strategy submitted
ime Lead	Delivery plan and Strategy